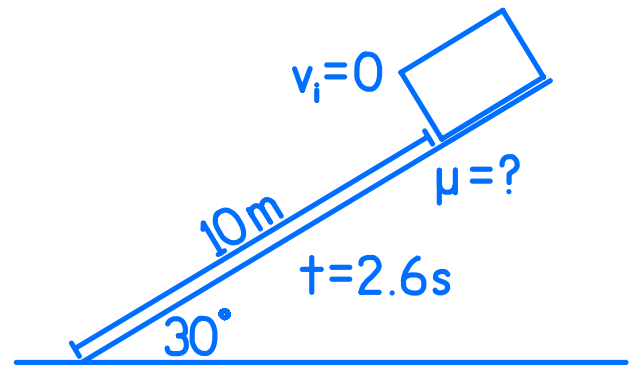
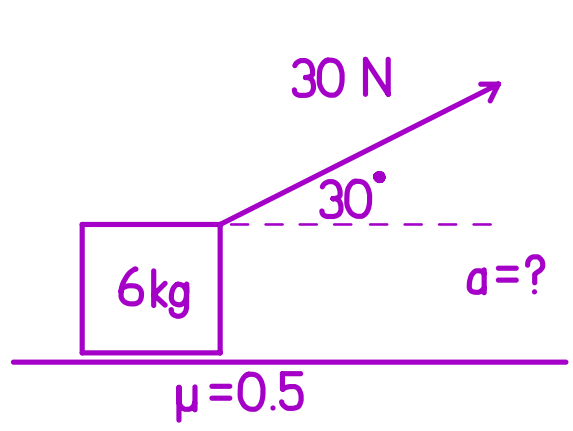
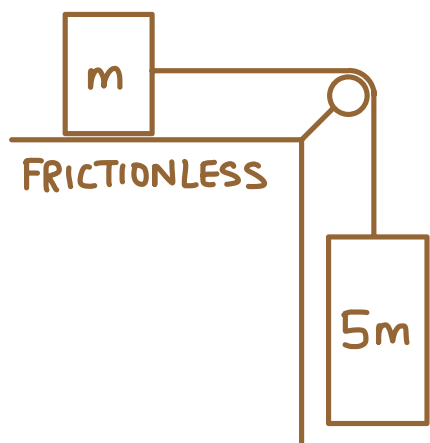
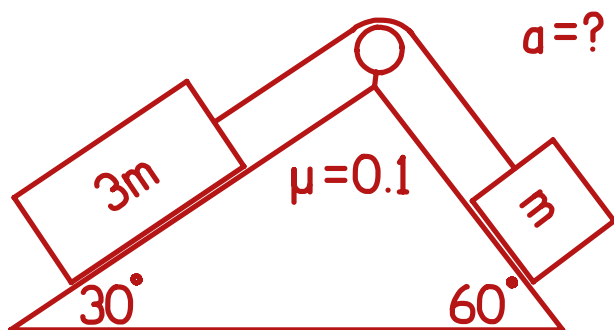
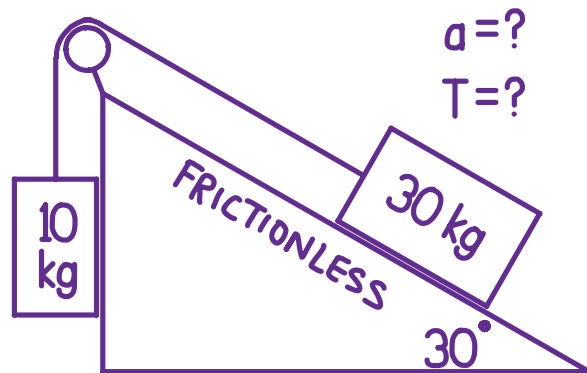
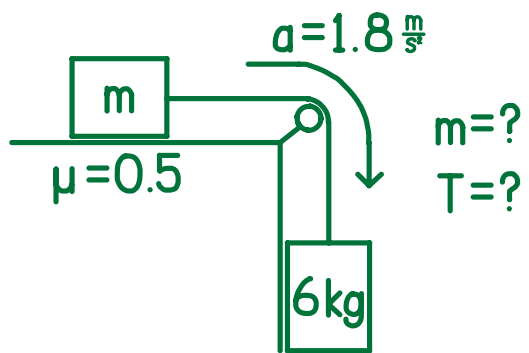


ACCELERATION THE INSTANT THE BLOCK IS RELEASED = ?

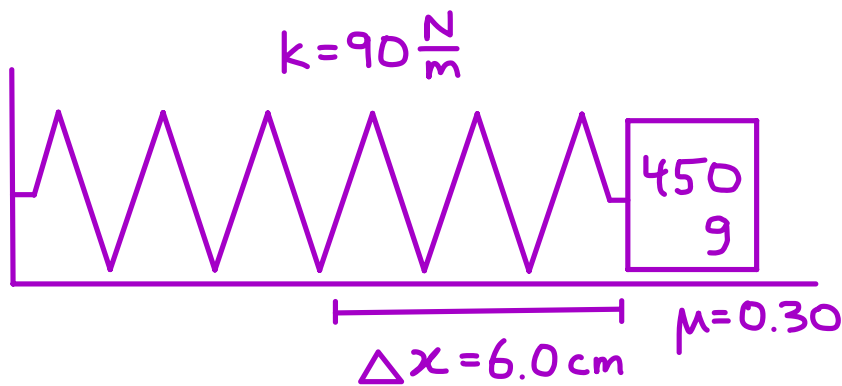
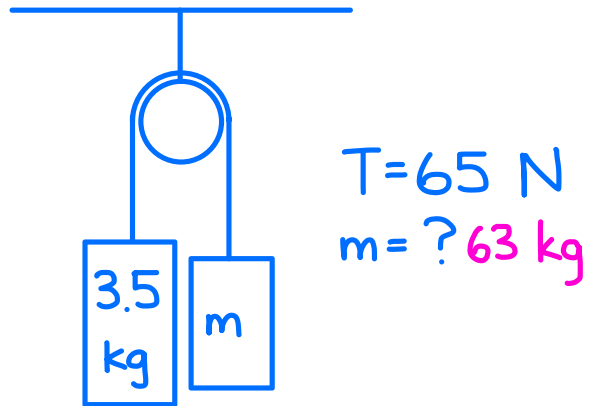
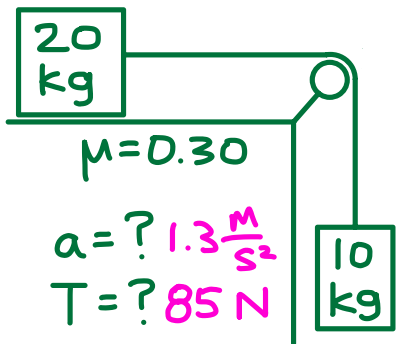
HOW HIGH ABOVE THE SURFACE OF EARTH WILL AN 80 kg PERSON EXPERIENCE A GRAVITATIONAL FORCE OF 20 N ?





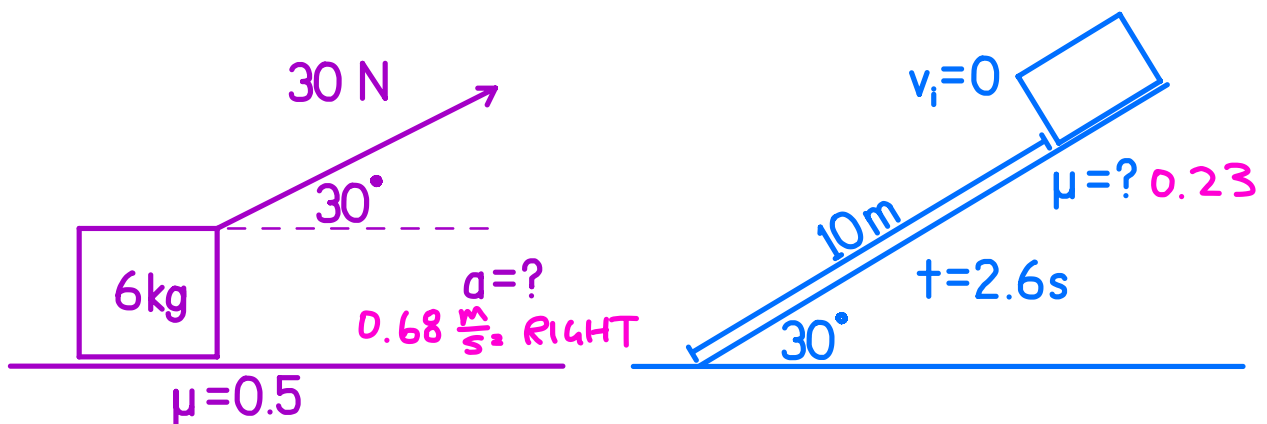
ON A DIFFERENT PLANET,
 THE SYSTEM HAS AN
 ACCELERATION OF $14 \frac{m}{s^2}$.
 IF RADIUS OF PLANET IS
 $4.67 \times 10^7 m$, WHAT IS
 THE PLANET'S MASS?

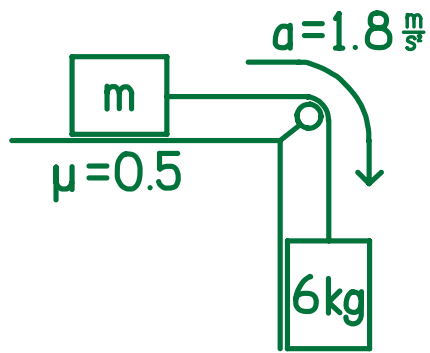
A 1.5 kg TOY ROCKET IS PROJECTED UPWARDS FROM EARTH WITH A CONSTANT THRUST FORCE. IF ITS ACCELERATION ON EARTH IS $7.77 \frac{m}{s^2}$ UPWARDS, WHAT WOULD BE ITS ACCELERATION ON A PLANET WITH RADIUS $2 \times$ AS GREAT AS EARTH BUT THE SAME MASS?



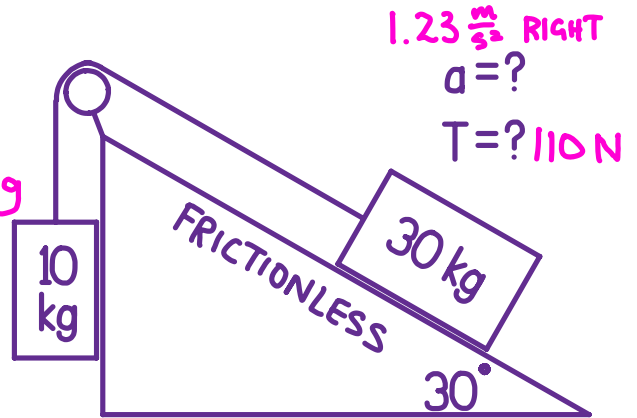
ACCELERATION THE
 INSTANT THE BLOCK
 IS RELEASED = ?
 $9.1 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$

HOW HIGH ABOVE THE SURFACE OF
 EARTH WILL AN 80 kg PERSON
 EXPERIENCE A GRAVITATIONAL FORCE
 OF 20 N ? $3.4 \times 10^7 \text{ m}$

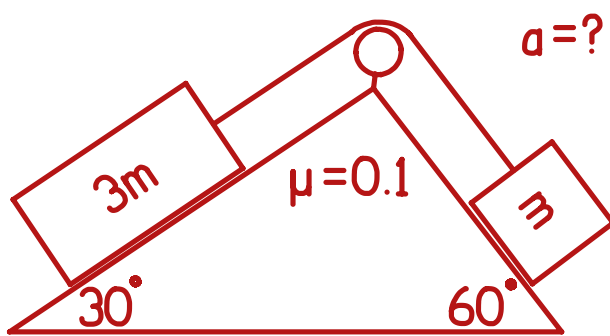




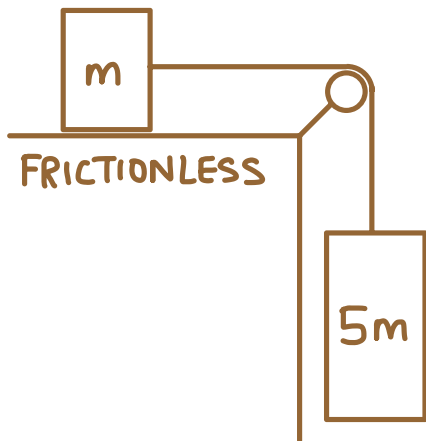
$m = ?$ 7.2 kg
 $T = ?$ 48 N



1.23 $\frac{m}{s^2}$ RIGHT
 $a = ?$
 $T = ?$ 110 N



$a = ?$ 0.79 $\frac{m}{s^2}$ LEFT



ON A DIFFERENT PLANET,
 THE SYSTEM HAS AN
 ACCELERATION OF $14 \frac{m}{s^2}$.
 IF RADIUS OF PLANET IS
 4.67×10^7 m, WHAT IS
 THE PLANET'S MASS?

5.5×10^{26} kg

A 1.5 kg TOY ROCKET IS PROJECTED UPWARDS FROM EARTH WITH A CONSTANT THRUST FORCE. IF ITS ACCELERATION ON EARTH IS $7.77 \frac{m}{s^2}$ UPWARDS, WHAT WOULD BE ITS ACCELERATION ON A PLANET WITH RADIUS $2 \times$ AS GREAT AS EARTH BUT THE SAME MASS?

$$15 \frac{m}{s^2}$$