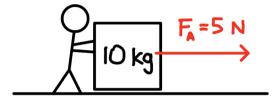
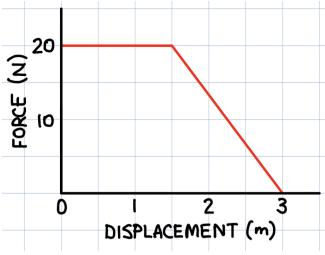
A 10 kg box is pushed with an applied force of 5 N. There is no friction between the box and the floor. If the initial speed of the box is 2 m/s, determine the speed of the box after it has moved 10 m.

- a) Solve using work and energy.
- b) Solve using kinematics and dynamics.

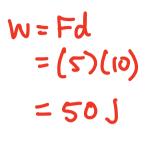


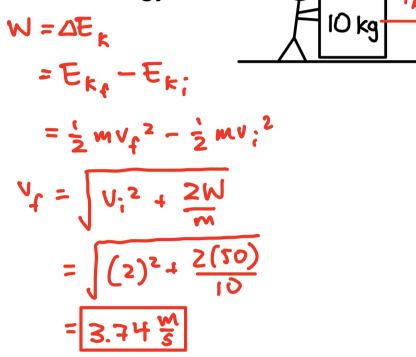
A 10 kg box is initially at rest and is pushed with a force with a magnitude as shown on the graph. If the box slides without friction, determine its final speed.



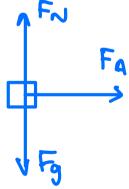
A 10 kg box is pushed with an applied force of 5 N. There is no friction between the box and the floor. If the initial speed of the box is 2 m/s, determine the speed of the box after it has moved 10 m.

a) Solve using work and energy.





b) Solve using kinematics and dynamics.



$$F_{NET} = m\alpha$$
 $F_A = m\alpha$
 $\alpha = \frac{5}{10} = 0.5 \frac{m}{52}$

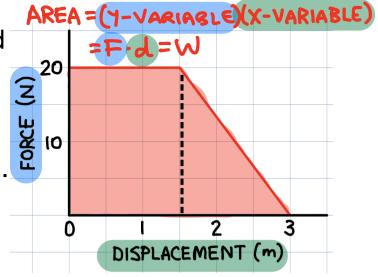
$$V_{f}^{2} = V_{i}^{2} + 2ad$$

$$V_{f} = \sqrt{v_{i}^{2} + 2ad}$$

$$= \sqrt{(2)^{2} + 2(0.5)(0)}$$

$$= 3.74 \frac{m}{5}$$

A 10 kg box is initially at rest and is pushed with a force with a magnitude as shown on the graph. If the box slides without friction, determine its final speed.



$$A = A = A = A$$

$$= A = A$$

$$= A = A = A$$

$$= A$$